# MA 1101 : Mathematics I

## Problem 1.

Define a relation R on  $\mathbb{R}\times\mathbb{R}$  as

$$(x_1, x_2)R(y_1, y_2)$$
 if  $x_1 = y_1$ .

- (i) Check that R is an equivalence relation.
- (ii) Identify and draw the equivalence classes.

#### Problem 2.

Define a relation R on  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$  as

$$(x_1, x_2)R(y_1, y_2)$$
 if  $x_1^2 + x_2^2 = y_1^2 + y_2^2$ .

- (i) Check that R is an equivalence relation.
- (ii) Identify and draw the equivalence classes.

## Problem 3.

Define a relation R on  $\mathbb{N}\times\mathbb{N}$  as

$$(m,n)R(p,q)$$
 if  $m+q=n+p$ .

- (i) Check that  ${\cal R}$  is an equivalence relation.
- (ii) Identify and draw the equivalence classes.

## Problem 4.

Define a relation R on  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \setminus \{(0,0)\}$  as

$$(x_1, x_2)R(y_1, y_2)$$
 if  $(y_1, y_2) = \alpha(x_1, x_2)$ , for some  $\alpha \neq 0$ .

- (i) Check that R is an equivalence relation.
- (ii) Identify and draw the equivalence classes.

#### Problem 5.

Let  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and let X be a set of n elements. Calculate the number of

- (i) relations on X.
- (ii) reflexive relations on X.
- (iii) symmetric relations on X.
- (iv) reflexive and symmetric relations on X.